The Evening Star Newspaper Company.

S. H. KAUFFMANN, President.

tions Have Been Cut.

DAY'S FIGHTING.

Japanese Attacks Repulsed at Different

Points-Gen. Sakarhoff's

Statement.

The entire absence of Associated Press

news from the battlefield of Liaoyang to-

either St. Petersburg or Tokyo. It is now

been received by the Associated Press of

events since 9 o'clock last night, when it

was announced that the fierce battle that

had raged all vesterday ceased at 9 o'clock.

this absence of both press dispatches and

official reports is that the telegraph line

has been cut north of Liaoyang. General

Sakharoff yesterday reported that a large

Japanese force was advancing northward

along the Taitsu river, west of the rail-

would interpose this force between Liao-

yang, the Russian base, and Mukden, and

would cut Kuropatkin's communication

Added probability is given this surmise

Press received almost hourly dispatches

from Liaoyang, one timed at 6:49 p.m., de-

tailing the battle up to that hour being re-

ceived in New York at 1:15 p.m., while today

no advices have thus far been received. The

announcement that activities were resumed

garded as an invention.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

day amounted to 10,000 men.

action near Liaoyang.

cut off. The public is less optimistic.

Japanese Checked Yesterday.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 31, 1 p.m.

Success crowned the Russian arms the

and the utmost confidence prevails here

that the issue of the fight will be a com-

plete victory for General Kuropatkin. From

dawn until dark yesterday the battle

raged, first in the center and left and then

on the right of the Russian line. The

in the afternoon came a movement against the opposite flank. This attack was deliv-

overlap and envelope the Japanese. Las night both armies bivouacked in their post-

the Japanese losses, except to say that they were extremely heavy, and the Rus-

sian losses were only approximated at 3,000. No Russian general officers fell. General Kuropatkin's force occupied po-

pitions forming a semi-circle about Liao-yang, the anks resting on the Taitse river east and west of the city.

The Battle in Two Periods.

The battle divided itself into two periods.

After a preliminary bombardment of

the Russian lines on the right and cen-

ter the Japanese infantry advanced to the

attack, charging the Russian center. Al-

though repeatedly checked they came on

with bull-dog tenacity, hurling themselves

against the Russian positions with the bay-onet. There were many bloody hand-to-

hand encounters. By noon the Japanese ac-

tually succeeded in occupying a portion of the Russian trenches. Then Gen. Kuropat-

kin sent forward some reserves, delivering a series of counter-attacks, recaptured the lost positions and drove back the Japanese

all along the line.

The attack on the center having failed, the second half of the fight began at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the Japanese

tried to turn and roll up the Russian right. Here also they failed, but only after a des-perate struggle, which was continued until

time by Gen. Kuropatkin at last succeeded Act only in checking the Japanese, but in enveloping them and in driving them back

o'clock at night. Reserves despatched in

Such a movement, if accomplished,

The only surmise to be drawn from

No. 16,074.

was current at Liaoyang that forty-six Japanese guns were captured during the ABSENCE OF REPORTS | day. Gen. Sakharoff's Report.

Lieutenant General Sakharoff, telegraphing to the general staff, on the close of vesterday's sixteen hours of fighting around DETAILED ACCOUNTS OF YESTER Liaoyang, estimates that the Russian casualties throughout the day were 3,000. The report from Lieutenant General Sak-

> paroff is as follows: "From 5 o'clock this morning until 9 tonight the Japanese forces attacked our frontal positions before Liaoyang and on the left bank of the Taitse river. Both their artillery and rifle fire were intense. Their main efforts were directed against ur center positions and left flank, but numerous attacks were repulsed along the

> whole line. Our troops made several coun-ter attacks, culminating in bayonet fight-"Many positions which had been occupied by the Japanese were retaken at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. During the artillery at-tack our batteries did very effective work. About 4 this afternoon the enemy was observed attempting to turn our right flank with considerable forces, but several bat-tallons of reserves advanced, and, after a fierce engagement, checked the Japanese and compelled them to retire. The battle continued until after dark and only ended

> at 9 o'clock. "The spirit of our troops is excellent, and the men are rejoiced over the news of the heroic behavior of the garrison at Port Arthur, the repulsing of Japanese attacks which has been communicated to them.
> "Our casualties have been considerable, reaching about 3.000. The Japanese losses must have been heavy.

Rejoicing in St. Petersburg.

There is great rejoicing in St. Petersburg over the news on the bulletin boards. The dispatches posted there are surrounded by eager crowds. The officials of the war office, although they have not yet received advices in regard to today's events, are in high spirits. The Japanese, who have been continuously advancing for a week, are by the fact that yesterday the Associated now said to be utterly exhausted after yes-terday's hard and unsuccessful fighting. and no doubt exists here that if the oppor-tunity offers Gen. Kuropatkin will not fail to follow up the advantage he has achieved.

> Continuous Artillery Fire. A dispatch to the Official Messenger from

at daybreak this morning is therefore relaoyang, under date of August 30, says: "All around Liaoyang , the hills are rembling today from the artillery fire, ST. PETERSBURG, August 31-8:50 p.m .which has not ceased for a moment. Liao-The telegraph department declares that yang has become the center of a terrific, communication with Liaoyang is not insanguinary engagement, but we were prepared for it. Hospital trains are in readiness, and other trains are bringing reserves, stores and forage, together with artillery and rifle ammunition. NEW YORK, August 31.-The following

"Today's battle seems to be devoted by he Japanese to an artillery fight with the object of searching out our positions.
"The Japanese advance has continued un received this morning from the seat of interruptedly since August 24. Yesterday ST. PETERSBURG.-Gen. Kuropatkin reit led to a number of brilliant actions as ports that the losses on each side yesterthe Russians drew in upon their defenses, but these actions were nothing compared

with today's encounter.

TOKYO.-Three Japanese armies are ad-Confidence in St. Petersburg. vancing with all speed on Liaoyang. Rus-Every confidence is expressed in General sian cavalry have been defeated, losing 500 Kuropatkin's ability to meet the Japanese assault on ground of his own choosing, but ST. PETERSBURG.-According to a rethe city is hungrily awaiting further news port from Liaoyang the Japanese resumed of the progress of the fight. The Japanese their attack on Kuropatkin's position this forces engaged in this battle can only be morning. There is a report from the front estimated here, but they are believed to number about 200,000 men. Gen. Kuropattoday that the Japanese have 1,200 guns in kin is known to have six army corps, sides 147 squadrons of cavalry in PARIS .- A dispatch to Echo-De-Paris great confidence is reposed, bringing up the says, on authority of the general staff, that

Russian total to about the same number that the Japanese have. How the armies Kuropatkin's communications are still free. The telegraph line from Liaoyang compare with regard to artillery is not definitely known, though throughout the via Irkutsk to St. Petersburg is working var the Japanese have shown great prefernce for this arm and great skill in its use TOKYO .- It is reported here that the Jap-Reports from the front credit the Japa-nese with having about 200 guns and many anese forces have obtained a footing withnountain batteries, and it is known that in the outskirts of Llaoyang, and the Japthey recently shipped twenty-four heavy guns to Yinkow. Four of these guns alanese are receiving reinforcements con-

eady have been mentioned in these dispatches as being in action. PARIS.-The St. Petersburg correspond-General Kuropatkin, in addition to his field batteries, has a number of very heavy ent of Petit Parisien learns from a superior guns emplaced at important positions at Liaoyang, where the Russians have been officer of the general staff that Gen. Kuropatkin will not abandon Liaoyang. The strongly fortifying for some time.

The Japanese claim to have captured two position of the town renders it nearly impregnable and Kuropatkin has at his dis-

field batteries during the past two days. Russian official accounts admit the loss of posal troops equal in numbers and morale the Japanese. They number 250,000. The only six guns.
It is stated that a Japanese battery was force is made up of six Siberian and two captured south of Anshanshan during the European army corps with 144 squadrons preliminary fighting and that several Japaof cavalry and 300 guns. The staff officer nese guns have been destroyed since then. Little of the strategic situation has de-reloped so far. Official news from the front said that Gen. Kuropatkin had erected around Liaoyang seventeen forts heavily says that there was desperate fighting on the southern center, while from informa-tion from other sources it appears that the armed with artillery. The superiority of Kuropatkin's cavalry compensates to a certain extent for the inferiority of his artil-Japanese are endeavoring to turn the Ruslery. At the headquarters of the Russian sian right from the neighborhood of the junction of the Taitse and Sakhe rivers. The fighting on the western flank appears general staff perfect confidence is felt. It is denied that Kuropatkin's retreat has been

> Liaoyang. Details of the Fighting. LONDON, August 30.-A dispatch from

o have approached within three miles of

Liaoyang to a news agency, dated August first day of the great battle of Llaoyang,

> "The Japanese artillery fire only ceased at 8 o'clock this evening. The casualties

have not yet been ascertained. "The 3d Russian Corps repulsed a hot Japanese assault, the Japanese being hurled back by bayonet charges, firstly by the 23d and then by the 24th Regiments, which

Japanese charged gallantly and desperately in an effort to break the center, and then received and repulsed the enemy no less than six times. "Two Japanese companies which succeeded in occupying a Russian position were

ered from the west, but General Kuropat-kin had evidently anticipated just what mistaken for Russians and annihilated by happened, for he not only met and repulsed lapanese artillery fire. but actually was able by such force to "At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the Japa-nese concentrated their fire on a Russian southern detachment, and also tried to out-flank the detachment from the right under tions.

No attempt was made by Lieutenant General Sakharoff in his dispatch to estimate

the protection of the batteries. "One company after another was noticed running swiftly to the westward in an at-tempt to outflank the positions, but a Russian regiment and a battery were ordered to advance and succeeded in forcing the enemy to retreat in disorder, evacuating

There has been an immense expenditure of ammunition throughout the day, especially on the southern front against the Russian 3d Corps.
"It is believed that the Russian losses so

far have not been very heavy, except to the regiments which sustained bayonet charges. All the men serving one Russian gun except one, were killed by shrapnel. The survivor, who was badly wounded, he rolcally brought his gun to headquarters, and even then refused to quit his place until the general peremptorily ordered him into the hospital. A more energetic attack is expected tomorrow. It seems that Gen-eral Kuroki's force did not participate in today's engagement. The morale of the

Russian troops is excellent.' Watching Fight From Liaoyang. LIAOYANG, August 30 .- A Russian cor-

respondent of the Associated Press supplies the following: "The historical moment has arrived and

the battle of Liaoyang is in progress. It was not 6 o'clock this morning when the first gun was fired, but soon afterward hundreds of cannon were thundering along our southern and eastern fronts. The cen-ter of our position is located near the fa-During the progress of the battle Gen.

(Continued on Second Page.)

## MORE ORDERED OUT

Meat Famine Likely to Follow Strikers' Plan.

GENERAL EFFECT

PICKETS AT STOCK YARDS IN-CREASED IN NUMBERS.

Plants All Over the Country to Come Within Scope of Beef Workers' Scheme.

CHICAGO, August 31.-Famine in meat is declared by the strikers to be the probable result of their new move in the strike against the packers. Orders have been issued for a general strike of all butcher workmen throughout the country. They are expected to go out tomorrow. The order will affect in all about 2,000 men in Chicago, including the independent plants. The order, if observed, will also affect independent plants

in large capacity in the following cities: East St. Louis, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Sioux City, New York, Milwaukee, Syracuse, Stickney, Ill., and hundreds of small plants throughout the country, which employ from ten to twenty men. Altogether, union officials assert that 15,000 men will go out, and the meat supply will be seriously crippled, leaving as the only supply the output of the big packers by their non-union help.

Today the pickets surrounding the stock yards were largely increased, the yards being watched for several blocks away. Strike breakers were warned not to leave the yards. Bitter feeling exists against them. The six hundred stock handlers in the stock yards quit work this forenoon. They were greeted by cheers by the union

The manager of the Union Stock Yards and Transit Company said that in anticipation of a strike of the stock handlers mer had been in training to take the places of deserting weighers, and that fifty of such men are available at once. He said that no further trouble was expected in han

The packers say it is Donnelly's inten tion to create a meat famine, which he thinks would arose the public to such a of indignation that a settlemen would be forced. "Donnelly is undertaking the impossible,

said a representative of one of the pack-"There is little chance of a meat famine. The independent packers, who by their collusion with the unions, have prof-ited much during the strike, will suffer

President Donnelly's Belief.

A strong effort is to be made by the leaders of the unions now at the stock vards to spread the scope of the strike so that it will include every trade which is affiliated, ir even a remote degree, with the packing industry.

President Donnelly of the Butchers' Union declared last night that he would also be able to call out all the switchmen employed on the railroads which do business at the stock yards, and possibly to extend the strike to other departments of the

A mass meeting of the strikers is to be held this afternoon at Watita Hall, near the stock yards, and addresses are to be made by a number of labor leaders In addition to the stock handlers, 125 spe cial policemen and nearly 400 pen cleaners drivers of refuse wagons, and laberers em ployed by the Union Stock Yards Company

Efforts are making to call out the switchmen at the yards, employed by the Chicago Junction Railway Company. They will vote

on the question tonight.

Frank F. Hawley, grand master of the
Switchmen's Union of North America, has
been summoned to Chicago, with the view to getting switchmen throughout the United States to refuse to handle cars containing anything for the packers.

HOPE IN DRIVERS.

Expected to Aid in Making Shortage in Meat.

CHICAGO, August 31.-President Donnelly is said to be depending upon the union drivers for the success of his attempt to make meat scarce. What action the 3,500 grocery and meat market wagon drivers will take remains to be seen. Heretofore they have refused to handle meat from the strike-affected packers and their employers were forced to buy from the independents. It is also said that an attempt will be made to shut off the ice supply from every retail market in Chicago since all meat products are to be on the union's "unfair" list.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Baltimore Packing Plant Burns to the Ground.

BALTIMORE, Md., August 31. - The large packing plant of Street & Cockran in this city was totally destroyed by fire oday, the loss being estimated at \$125,-000. The buildings, a large stock of meats and 180 live hogs were entirely consumed. The hogs had been received at the plant only an hour or so before the fire was discovered and had just been driven into the pens in the rear of the establishment. So quickly did the fire spread that though efforts were made to save the animals

none could be gotten out. It was only by the greatest effort that the fire department was able to save the diagent buildings from destruction. Sevral firemen received injuries, none serious. The fire was caused by the explosion

EMPRESS PREVAILED.

Kaiser's Children to Represent Angels

in Painting. BERLIN, August 31.-The architect who designed the restoration of the Protestant Church at Spires, capital of Rhenish Bavaria, which was dedicated today, selected the portraits of the seven imperial children, in their fourth year, for the heads of seven angels in the windows around the chancel. The emperor ob-jected, saying, "My children are no

The empress, however, thought the idea charming, and it was accordingly exe-

FAIRBANKS IN KANSAS.

Vice Presidential Candidate to Make Several Speeches.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 31 .- Senator Fairbanks, republican candidate for Vice President, passed through Kansas City to-

TIME NOW FOR GUESTS POPS IN GREAT

PRESIDENT HAS WORK WELL IN . HAND.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1904-TWENTY PAGES.

The Evening Star

Letter of Acceptance Taken to New York by Secretary Barnes to Be Printed.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., August 31.-Several visitors interrupted the usual quietude of Sagamore Hill today. The President, having disposed of a large accumulation of mail and of some important business which had been referred to him by the departments at Washington, passed the greater part of the day in entertain ng his callers. two or three of whom were long-time friends of Mr. Roosevelt. They included G. D. B. Hasbrouck of Kingston, one of the judges of the New York court of claims; James A. Whipple of Salamanca, clerk of the New York state senate; Willard A. Marakle of Rochester and Rev. Dr. William D. Ward, pastor of the Reformed Church at Brookville, L. I. While some of the visitors talked politics incidentally, their calls for the most part were of purely

Business Well in Hand.

Having transacted all business of pressing importance that has been pending since his arrival at Sagamore Hill, the President will give more time henceforth to visitors. A few callers will be received almost every

Members of the international arbitration conference, which is to be held in St. Louis in the next ten days, will be received by the President at the White House on Sep-tember 24. The delegates will be the guests of the nation while in this country, Congress having appropriated \$10,000 for their entertainment. Many of the delegates have already arrived in this country and others are expected in a day or two.

The President's letter of acceptance was taken to New York last night by Assistant Secretary Barnes and placed in the hands of a printer. It will require several days to make it ready for distribution and pub-

NEW RUSSIAN LOAN.

Finance Minister Borrows \$250,000, 000 From the Germans.

LONDON, August 31 .- The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at St. Petersourg sends the following dispatch, which s published this morning:

The finance ministry has practically rranged with German bankers for a new loan of 500,000,000 roubles (approximately \$250,000,000) at a higher rate of interest than that on the last loan. Only minor details remain to be settled, and the date of issue is not stated, but it is not likely that the loan will be floated until after the fall of Port Arthur.

"At first it was intended to wait until the spring, as gold is not yet needed, but various motives, including desire to spoil the market for Japan, aduced the ministry to close with the German offer, reserving to itself the choice as to the time of the issue of the loan, which it is expected will be distributed among various European countries.
"The admiralty, under the supervision

of its chief, Admiral Avellan, and Grand Duke Alexis, the high admiral, has drawn up a project for the rebuilding of the navy, but no practical steps are possible inless the minister of finance is able to arrange the matter of ways and means.'

MYSTERIOUS LYNCHING.

Peculiar Happening to a Negro Under Arrest in Texas.

CHICAGO, August 31 .- A dispatch to the Inter Ocean from Weimer, Tex., says: While incarcerated in jail Oscar Lee Tucker, a seventeen-year-old negro, under arrest for attempted rape, was mysteriously lynched. The officials are unable to determine just when or how the act was com-

mitted. Minnie Schultze, the nineteen-year-old daughter of a wealthy farmer, was attacked by Tucker. He was arrested soon afterward and placed in jail. Three hours later. when the officers went to the cell to take the prisoner into court they found him

hanging by his neck, dead. The cage had not been broken into, but he had a forty-foot rope around his neck and his head was drawn up to a hole in the cell about eight inches in width and not over four feet from the floor, used to pass food through to the prisoners. His feet were tied close to his body with cords. There is r ) clue to the perpetrators.

NAN PATTERSON'S PLEA.

Writ of Habeas Corpus Granted in New York Today.

NEW YORK, August 31 .- A writ of habeas corpus for Nan Patterson, who is under indictment on a charge of murdering Caesar Young last June, was granted today. The writ, which is returnable tomorrow, orders the warden of the Tombs to produce Mrs. Patterson in the supreme court at that time, when her counsel will ask for her discharge on the ground that there is no evidence that she committed the crime charged against her. If this is denied application will be made that she be admitted to bail.

Shipping Conferences Continue. FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, August

31 .- The shipping conferences continue. Both sides show a disposition to reach a satisfactory solution. The German, British and other companies have made a compromise proposition to Lord Iver-clyde, chairman of the Cunard line, which that company will take under consideration. Adjournment is not yet in sight.

Drowned While Canceing. PORT COCKBURN, Muskoka, Ont., August 31.-Mrs. C. M. Dalley of East Alton,

Ill., was drowned while canceing here

Nunciature for China PARIS, August 31.-The Rome corre

spondent of the Matin says that Vatican circles are discussing the project of cre-ating a nunciature for China on the ground that the rupture with France has provided a favorable opportunity for such

Secretary Shaw in Cregon. PORTLAND, Oreg., August 31.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw has arrived here and will open the campaign in Oregon at a meeting in this city.

French Ships for Shanghai. PARIS, August 31.—The correspondent

of the Matin at Shanghai says that the

Excitement Attends Indianapolis Convention.

RUMORCAUSESTROUBLE

TALK OF EFFORT BY FUSIONISTS

"Something Doing" at Fusion State

TO PACK BODY. Many Strange Looking Men and

Headquarters This Morning. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. INDIANAUOLIS. Ind., August 31 .- There was excitement, accompanied by an explosion of belligerent comment, among the

midroad populists, who are gathered here to attend their state convention, when it was reported that the fusion populists are arranging to pack the convention today. J. C. Smith, editor of the Monticello National, a populist paper, was among the indignant ones. "I understand," he said, "that John Medfort and his fusion crowd are preparing to run in a lot of democrats in order to effect

an adjournment of our convention until September 15, the date fixed for their state convention. They will be fooled mightily, as we are going right ahead, and will put a complete state ticket in the field." Samuel W. Williams of Vincennes, Thos. East of Madison county and other leaders said they had heard the talk about a coup

tempted it would not prove successful, as the midroaders would have the convention organization and would be able to prevent any chicanery.
Several of the midroad leaders said they had no doubt that Tom Taggart would like to prevent the nomination of a populist state ticket, as it was sure to pull many votes away from the democrats.

to capture the convention, but that

Many Strange Looking Men.

While these warlike utterances were be ng heard about the Occidental Hotel, where the midroaders are stopping, the fusion populist state headquarters just across, the street were well filled with strange-looking nen, which created the impression that something may be "doing." John Medert, secretary of the fusion state committee, wore a mysterious smile. During the day the fusion leaders had been active in electioneering for a postponement of the mid-road convention. The midroad leaders are bent on nominating a state ticket today, however, and there will be a redhot time if an adjournment is attempted.

That the midroad populists are imbued

with more life and enthusiasm than for a past is shown by the fact that all decade past is shown by the fact that all of the old-time leaders are here, and there is a brisk contest for the nomination for governor. Those mentioned for head of the ticket are Flavius J. Vanvorhis of Indianapolis, ex-State Senator William B. Gill of Lagoda, State Chairman Fred. J. S. Robinson of Cloverland, A. G. Burkhart of Tipton county, Silas Holcomb of Fort Branch and James Nipp of Nipp's Mills, Henry county. ounty.

It is a surprising fact that more men are figuring in the gubernatorial contest than were candidates for either the democratic or republican nomination for governor. The leaders are doing some big talking as to what they expect to do. Silas Holcomb

'We will poll anywhere from 50.000 to 75,000 votes in Indiana this year. You have no idea how much disaffection there is ing the silver democrats. I like Bryan and have visited him several times at his , but I want to say that he can't lead the Indiana democrats over into the gold Samuel Williams, national committeeman

"Our vote this year in Indiana will be enormous. Bryan's friends, who have folowed him for eight years, cannot be fooled as to his real attitude. They know very well that while Bryan is going to vote the democratic ticket himself, he really wants it defeated. This is shown by the fact that while he has given four very weak reasons why Parker should be elected, he has given welve very strong ones why he should not

CHARGES AGAINST FARR. Hearing on the Question of Issuing

Fraud Order. In the hearing before the assistant attorney general for the Post Office Department this afternoon in the case of the United States against William M. Farr, the projector of the "George Washington University," for misuse of the mails, Holmes Conrad represented the government in an unofficial capacity. Maj. Conrad said, among other things, in arguing for a fraud order against Farr, that "he. not knowing the exact name by which the George Washington University might be incorporated. took the precaution of incorporating three universities, no one of the charters or franchises of which would sell on the street

orner for \$2.50."
R. E. L. Smith of Smith & Miller defend ed Farr, and claimed that the defendant had a right, under the law, to sell the franchise for a university which he had in-

The salient features of the case as put forward by Conrad were that Farr had been guilty of four infringements of the statutes, as follows:

For \$10 he offered to hang portraits of those persons having degrees from the George Washington University in the por-trait gallery of the university; for \$10 he would furnish a biography and year book of the American College of Law, which was another of his enterprises; for \$10 he would furnish diplomas of this college, and for \$5 he would transfer any diploma from

the Nashville College of Law to the "George Washington University."

The argument was listened to by the assistant attorney general and his assistants, and decision in the matter was held under

DISCIPLINE AT MANEUVERS. Militia Amenable to the Jurisdiction of the State.

The War Department, upon the request of Gen. Corbin, commanding the troops at maneuvers in Virginia, has rendered an opinion in the matter of jurisdiction over the National Guard organizations, holding that the militia troops when participating in an encampment, maneuvers and field instruction with troops of the regular army are not in the service of the United States. within the meaning of the militia act, and that discipline in the militia is to be enforced through state authority.

by Acting Judge Advocate General Porter and approved by the War Department, it is recited: "The act is understood to pro-side that as a condition of their being allowed to participate with troops of the regular army they shall submit themselves

In the opinion on this question rendered

offenses are to be tried under the rules prescribed by the state to which the par-ticular organization of the militia may be-long. In other words, it is understood that the militia is still the militia of the state and subject to its control and instant with-

TWO CENTS.

drawal from the maneuvers."

It is held that for the militia to be in the service of the United States within the meaning of the militia act it must be called forth as authorized by the Constitution, the authority of the United States being confined to calling forth the militia to  $\epsilon$ xe cute the laws of the Union, suppress insur-

rections and repel invasions.

The department holds, therefore, that the enforcement of order in the militia from any state rests with the officer in command of such militia, to whom all offenses should be reported, and whose duty it is to see that the offenders are brought before the appropriate tribunal under the rules prescribed by the state for the government of

An opinion rendered by the judge advocate general's office in connection with the participation of Michigan militia troops in the joint maneuvers at West Point, Ky., is referred to, in which it is stated: "It has never been regarded by this department that section 15 of the general militia law conferred any authority upon the President or Secretary of War to issue orders to the organized militia in time of peace, or, in-deed, at any time, or any condition save in the cases enumerated in the Constitution and expressly provided for in sections 4, 5 and 6 of the act of January 21, 1903." It is further stated in that previous opinion that the militia troops of the state of Michigan did not pass at any time under the control of the War Department.

WISCONSIN DEMOCRATS.

Full State Ticket to Be Named by Convention.

OSHKOSH, Wis., August 31.-The state democratic convention was called to order today at the Grand Opera House. A full state ticket is to be named. Martin L. Lueck of Juneau was chosen temporary chairman and F. E. Woden of this city temporary secretary. H. J. Killiles of Milwaukee is slated for permanent chairman. The nomination of ex-Governor Peck of Milwaukee is conceded. There are several

candidates for all the other offices. The convention is expected to make a resolution with reference to the United States senatorship, and the gentlemen who are looking for that favor are: Former Senator William F. Vilas, Representative C. H. Weisse, Mayor Rose of Milwaukee, Neal Brown of Wausau and T. E. Ryan of Waukesha.

HELD UP EXPRESS MAN. Outlaws Secure \$900 and Leave \$13,

000 Untouched. CHEYENNE, Wyo., August 31.-Upon the arrival of the Oregon express on the Oregon Short Line at Kemmerer, Wyo., at 2 o'clock this morning four men stepped out from the shadow of a building near the depot and as soon as the door of the express car was opened by the messenger two of them forced the messenger to throw up his hands, while the two others took charge of the station agent. A package containing \$300, which had been sent to pay off the employes of the Kemmerer Coal Company, was secured by the robbers, who then disappeared.

who then disappeared.

Sheriff James and a deputy are hunting the bandits, who are believed to be employes of the coal company. They evidently knew of the arrival of the package, as they made no further search for other valuables. A package containing \$13,000 was not disturbed.

HOPES FOR SUCCESS.

President Roosevelt's Letter on the Irish Movement.

NEW YORK, August 31 .- At the convention of the United Irish League of America today there was no official program for the proceedings, but most of the morning session was taken up by the reports of the various committees which were appointed yesterday and the secretary's report. Secretary John O'Callaghan read a reso-

lution adopted at a meeting of Slavonic American citizens in the city last night expressing sympathy for the Irish people in their struggle for self-government and wishing that their efforts may be crowned with success in the near future. Secretary O'Callaghan also read a letter of regret from President Roosevelt, in which the President sent the heartlest as-

surances of his hopes for the success of the Irish movement. Letters of regret were also read from Judge Parker, the demo cratic presidential nominee; Cardinal Gib bons and Archbishop Ryan.

NOT MUCH PARKER BOOM. What Mr. Bulkley Found in Western

New York. Mr. Barry Bulkley, secretary of the Business Men's Association, has returned to town from a trip through western New York.

"While I would like to see Judge Parker elected," said Mr. Bulkley, "I am constrained to admit that I failed to find in the section of the state where I most expected to find it any pronounced Parker sentiment. On the contrary, there was apathy and lack of interest in the Parker campaign.

"Down in Manhattan my Tammany friends, who look on the game in rather a cold-blooded way, said, 'Nothin' doin'. There hasn't been a showing of the long green at the Hoffman House up to date. And from their standpoint that 'money talks' they infer that the democrats don't yet see their way clear to victory."

GETS SEVEREST PENALTY. Chicago Man Charged With Cruelty to Be Punished.

CHICAGO, August 31.-Milton M. Carson has been sentenced to imprisonment in the penitentiary for life after conviction of mistreating Mable Mayfield, fourteen years that it will carry weight.

Many democrats express the preference, too, that if it is impossible to elect Parker, the House should remain republican. They old. His wife, Viola, was also found guilty by a jury in Judge Kersten's court and sentenced to a year's imprisonment.

The conviction and imposition of the severest penalty on Carson came at the end of eight days' trial. He previously had been found guilty of attacking another young girl and sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment. His wife also was convicted and given a like sentence.

SENATOR HOAR'S CONDITION. Said to Be Resting Comfortably, With

No Apparent Change. WORCESTER, Mass., August 31.-The following bulletin on the condition of Senator George F. Hoar was issued this fore-

"He is resting comfortably, and there is no apparent change in his condition. His strength has not increased, but he takes ncurishment administered by his doctors and sleeps well. We look for no perceptible change for several days.'

Phoenicia Passes the Lizard. PLYMOUTH, England, August 31 .- The

day en route to Marion, Kan., where he will open the campaign in that state to-morrow. Senator Fairbanks will speak at Convention Hall at Kansas City on Friday. Extensive preparations are making for his reception here.

The Matin at Shanghai says that the Japanese warships which have returned to Japan.

The Matin at Shanghai says that the Japanese warships which the officer in command of the officer in command of the officer in command of such troops, but it is not understood that an incident of such command, discipline in the militia, is to be enforced by United States authority. On the contrary it is believed that such discipline is to be enforced through state authority, and that Lizard at 7 a.m. today.

Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left New York August 20 for Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which left Ne Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia,

BUSINESS VOTE

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Object of Appeal of the Republican Managers.

APATHY IS FEARED

SEEKING TO AROUSE THE IN-TEREST OF THE INDEPENDENTS.

Apprehensions of Chairman Babcock Regarding the Fight for the Next House of Representatives.

Chairman Babcock of the republican congressional campaign committee, while in town a day or two ago, was subjected to considerable good-natured chaffing by some of his friends in public life over his "distress call," as they termed it, referring to his expressions of fear that the House is in danger. Chairman Cowherd of the democratic congressional campaign committee unfeelingly remarked that he feared his esteemed contemporary was trying to scare the boys, and allowed that it looked to him as if "Brother Babcock was hard up."

The Outlook Unsatisfactory.

Mr. Babcock took all the chaffing in the spirit in which it was offered, but at the same time told the republican officials with whom he conversed that in all seriousness the outlook was not what it ought to be. To one man he said:

"We can carry New Jersey for Roosevelt By 25,000, and I think we will. At the same time and by the same vote it is possible to lose three representatives in that state. Some of Mr. Babcock's friends in public

life, who know his methods in waging successful congressional campaigns, said after he left town that they never saw "the old man' as badly worked up as he now is. As a rule he keeps a stiff upper lip, and although never prone to rainbow chasing, takes a hopeful view of the situation when circumstances warrant.

To another friend in official station Mr.

Babcock remarked, during his recent visit, that this is the stiffest campaign he has yet tackled in the course of his five campaigns as chairman of the congressional committee. He added that there seemed to be more nasty little situations and knotty problems in this fight than any he has heretofore engaged in, and he felt it advisable that the republicans should know

the true situation. Danger of Over-Confidence.

The managers of the republican congressional campaign are beginning to realize, it is said, that there is danger in too much nfidence. The Roosevelt outlook is so assuring and the election seems so one sided on the presidential ticket that republicans are likely to get careless. Then, there is so much interest in state camers are likely to overlook the congressional

campaign.
Senator Foraker, who came across the continent last week, was in such a hurry to get to New York and talk with the managers that he could not even stop over in Washington long enough to remove the stains of his transcontinental journey. To some newspaper correspondents, including member of The Star's staff who traveled o New York with him, Senator Foraker said that the only danger which threatened the republican ticket was apathy. He found in the west that people were not taking much interest in politics, and he admitted that one purpose of his visit to headquarters was to apprise the managers this state of apathy and to urge the

injection of a little ginger into the cam-There undoubtedly is ground for Mr. Babcock's distress call, it is said, and the republican managers hope that it will be effective. Mr. Babcock has a great many friends among the corps of Washington correspondents, who trust his judgment and value his opinion in political affairs. During his recent visit he talked confidentially and advised them to potify their editors that the congressional situation needs brac-ing up and more attention from the man-

Appeal to Business Interests. The congressional campaign managers are appealing confidently to the independent vote, and especially the business vote in the crucial states. The campaign which is being conducted is notably mild as to par-

agers in the respective districts.

tisanship. No general onslaught is being made upon democrats and only policies in a broad and general way are being dealt with by the republicans.
Grateful for the support of the gold democrats in the past, when the money question was up, the republican managers are now asking democrats in business and industrial walks to support republican can-

didates for Congress on the ground that it will be for the best business interests of the country that there should be no change in the House.

The republicans, assuming that it is impossible for the democrats to carry elec-toral votes sufficient to elect a President, except through a political revolution, not presently in prospect, urge the independent voters to keep the administration intact, through the election of a republican House,

so that it will be possible to enact such legislation as the business interests de-A Democratic House Powerless.

They point out that if a democratic House is elected it will be powerless, in any event, to accomplish anything, and can only make a muss and hold back in the traces. This line of argument is directed to the business men and the republican managers believe

say that then they would have the republicans on their record for the next Presi-dential campaign and be able to hold them strictly responsible for the things left undone that ought to have been done and the things done which ought not to have been

THE STATION DISMANTLED. Wireless Telegraph at Chefoo Rendered Useless

The State Department has received a cablegram from U. S. Consul General Fowler at Chefoo saying that the wireless telegraph station there has been dismantled.

Quiet in Haiti and San Domingo. Quiet having been restored in Haiti, the cruisers Newark and Denver left Jeremie

yesterday for their station at San Juan.

Similar peaceful conditions prevailing in San Domingo the gunboat Bancroft has sailed from Puerta Plata for San Juan. Manufacture of "Renovated Butter." Acting jointly with the Treasury Depart-